



Total, Non-baseload, eGRID Subregion, State? Guidance on the Use of eGRID Output Emission Rates

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Presented by: Art Diem 202-343-9340 diem.art@epa.gov

Summary Recommendations



- To determine GHG emissions from electricity purchases in GHG inventories or carbon footprint calculations
 - -- use eGRID subregion total output emission rates
- For rough estimates of emission reductions from energy efficiency and/or renewable energy usage
 - -- use eGRID subregion non-baseload output emission rates
- Which year to use for carbon footprints and inventories?
 - For tracking emissions use the latest available emission rates
 except when estimating a historical year; then use appropriate previous year's emission rates
 - For verification of emission goals use the latest available emission rates
 - except if the rate has increased and that is the only thing preventing the achievement of the goal; then use the baseline emission rates.

What is eGRID?



 A comprehensive source of data on the environmental characteristics of U.S. power generation at various level of aggregation

www.epa.gov/egrid

- Links electricity generation, air emissions and resource mix for virtually all U.S. power plants
 - Data years: 2005, 2004, & 1996-2000
 - Emissions: CO₂, NO_X, SO₂, Hg,
 - CH₄ and N₂O (new for year 2005 data)
 - Fuel use, and net generation
 - Emissions rates data
 - input (lb/MMBtu)
 - output (lb/MWh)
 - State & U.S. import-export data (including gross grid loss factors)

Formats of data



- Data contained in Microsoft Excel workbooks
- Summary data & GHG emission rates data in Adobe PDF documents.
- Technical Support Document contains full documentation
- Coming soon: eGRIDweb!

Levels of Data



- Basic Data
 - Boiler level
 - Generator level
 - Plant level
 - Emissions, emission rates, generation, locational data, and other characteristics
 - Starting point for aggregated data

Aggregation Levels

- State
- Electric Generating Company (EGC)
 - Operator-based
 - Owner-based
- Parent Company
 - Operator-based
 - Owner-based
- Power Control Area (PCA)
- eGRID Subregion
- NERC Region
- U.S.

Emissions data in eGRID



Basis

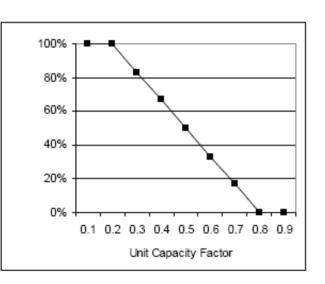
- Monitored data reported to EPA's Acid Rain Program, predominantly from continuous emission monitors (CEMs)
- DOE's Energy Information Administration (EIA) electricity survey data used in calculations with EPA emission factors
- (Hg) EPA's 2000 large municipal solid waste combustion database
- (Hg) EPA's 1999 updated to 2001 ICE coal-fired boilers mercury emission file
- CO₂, SO₂, NO_x, CH₄, and N₂O emissions
 - Unadjusted emissions
 - Renewable methane adjustment for NO_x, and SO₂, CH₄, and N₂O
 - All biomass adjustment for CO₂
 - Sum emissions to the plant level
 - CHP plant adjustment

Output Emission Rates





- Notes about output emission rates in general
 - Do include adjustments for CHP and biogenic fuels
 - Do not include transmission & distribution line losses
 - Do <u>not</u> include life-cycle emissions (e.g. extraction, processing and transportation of fuels)
 - Total vs. Non-baseload
 - for each aggregation level

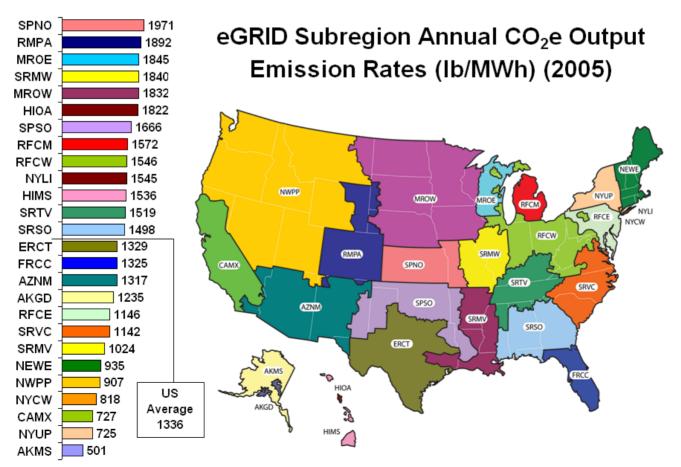


- Total emissions (adjusted) from all plants divided by net generation from all plants
- Non-baseload combustion only plants (or units) with capacity factor relationship determining proportion of the plant's emissions and generation that is "non-baseload"
 - » High capacity factor (c.f. >= 0.8) considered baseload
 - » Low capacity factor (c.f. <= 0.2) considered all non-baseload
 - » Other capacity factor (0.2 < c.f. < 0.8) considered partial non-baseload</p>

Output Emission Rates



- eGRID subregion vs. State
 - State boundaries do not define the reality of the electric grid
 - eGRID subregions minimize import-export issues



Conclusions



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Contact Information



eGRID Feedback page:

http://www.epa.gov/cleanenergy/energyresources/egrid/feedback.html

Art Diem, U.S. EPA 202-343-9340

diem.art@epa.gov

Susy Rothschild, E.H. Pechan 703-813-6700 x 128

susy.rothschild@pechan.com